Algebra II: Supply \& Demand EXTENSION Lessons 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 (Linear Forms) Name: $\qquad$

1) Survey at least 10 people to determine the price that would result in 0 customers. Record the information below:
Price, Customers
Price, Customers
0, 10
and $\qquad$ , 0
2) Calculate and interpret the demand curve.
a) Explain how $(0,10)$ and $(\ldots, 0)$ models the demand.

b) Graph the points $(0,10)$ and $(\ldots, 0)$ model the demand for your product or service.

c) Write a linear equation passing through these points in intercepts form $\frac{1}{x-i n t} x+\frac{1}{y-i n t} y=1$.
d) Re-write the equation in part $\mathbf{c}$ in standard form $A x+B y=C$.
e) Re-write the equation in part d in slope-intercept form $y=m x+b$.
f) What does the $y$-intercept " $b$ " and the slope " $m$ " indicate about the demand and price? $y$-intercept: slope:
3) Calculate and interpret the supply curve.
a) What is the lowest value you would sell you product at and how many would items would you sell? What is the lowest value you would sell you product at and how many would items would you sell?

Lowest: $\qquad$ Highest: $\qquad$
b) Graph the points (_, __) and (_,__) model the supply for lemonade.

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c) What is the slope of the line containing the points $\qquad$ and ( $\qquad$ _)?
d) What is the $y$-intercept of the line containing the points ( $\qquad$ ) and $\qquad$ )?
e) Use part c and part d to write the equation in slope-intercept form $y=m x+b$.
f) What does the y-intercept " $b$ " and the slope " $m$ " indicate about the demand and price? $y$-intercept: slope:
3) Answer the following questions:
a) How does the graph show the optimum price that should be charged for a $\qquad$ ?
b) What is the optimum price and how many $\qquad$ will sell at this price?
c) Determine this answer by using the graph features (Calc-Intersect) of your calculator.
d) Show this answer using algebraic reasoning with both the demand and supply equations.
e) Write inequalities that show prices that will cause a surplus in supply and prices that will cause a shortage in supply.

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Name:
Class:
Self-Assessment:
Teacher-Assessment:
Checked Boxes: $1=\mathrm{D}-2=\mathrm{D}, 3=\mathrm{D}+4-5=\mathrm{C}-, 6=\mathrm{C}, 7=\mathrm{C}+, 8=\mathrm{B}-9=\mathrm{B}, 10=\mathrm{B}+, 11-12=\mathrm{A}-13=\mathrm{A}, 14=\mathrm{A}+$

| Assignment | Supply \& Demand Extension <br> Lessons 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Review (Linear Forms) |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Learning <br> Target | Identify how different linear forms can be used to represent or model given information. |  |
| Success <br> Criteria | Students will use intercepts, slope-intercept and standard forms of linear equations to develop <br> models of the supply and demand for a given product or service. |  |
| Self | Teacher | EC for accurately assessing yourself |$|$| 4 or A+ (mastery) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |

